

MARGDARSHAK SEVA SANSTHAN



ANNUAL





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MargdarshakSevaSansthan at Glance



MargdarshakSevaSansthan is nonprofitable organization was formally inducted in 1995. MSS was registered as a voluntary organization under the societies Registration MSS works Act. with range of communities on a broad development & strengthening initiatives.

MSS works in Surajpur, Surguja, Koria, Korba and Bilaspur of Chhattigarh and Anuppur district of Madhya Pradesh state, covering 350 villages with more than three lakhs population. The broad

Vision

MSS envisage endeavoring for establishing self reliant, self respecting and an autonomous society. MSS believes that for building a better society, community should rely on its own resources,

Mission

MSS is to empower the human resources through capacity building and awareness by trained professional guidance to promote village level CBOs, program for human being sustaining and Spectrum of intervention domain includepromotion of Gram Sabha for self-governance, formation and strengthening of village level people's organization, promotion of women Selfhelp Groups for the empowerment of women, early childhood also primary education, child rights. Child labour& working with persons with disability on community based rehabilitation, promotion of organic forming, conservation of natural resource especially wild foods plant, forest and water pollution for better livelihood & environment etc

environment, also they should able to frame their own experience based norms, management system. Rules and mechanisms that shall further their sustenance and facilitate them to blossom into a wholesome society.

Surviving. The major focus area of MSS are livelihood promotion, leadership and skill development, promotion of education, conservation and promotion of natural resources, and different right based action approach for the vulnerable and deprived section of rural areas



WORKING AREA OF MSS



Note:- indicator of working area of MSS



WORKING DISTRICT OF MSS

Sl.No.	District	Block	Number of Villages
1	Surajpur	Premnagar	167
		Ramanujnagar	
		Surajpur	
2	Sarguja	Udaipur	47
		Lakhanpur	
		Ambikapur	
3	Koria	Khadgava	10
4	Kawardha	Pandariya	10
5	Ianiaiu Chamas	Dabhra	12
5	Janjgir-Champa	Daonra	12



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From the Director's Desk

It my privilege to say that in our democratic India 66% of population lives in villages. Where are the poverty, unemployment, health facilities and percentage of literacy the primary problems, our economic system is based on agricultural, social forestry and rural employment, I am from remote small village and grown up by facing above problem.

As I started my careers as social worker in 1990 I concentrate in the fields of forest which is the primary sources of life in rural area. With the help local resident I started CHIPKO movement to saved valuable forestry.

Then I just educated in awareness for cleanness and provide better facilities and atmosphere to new generation who will be our tomorrow.

Finally I am with physical disabled people. As many observation in continuous mainly and it touch with the so called people. I stared a program for them with collaboration with some foreign agency.

Physically disabled people just like us but we have to boost their confidence. My NGOs is working with them to make just like us by making them social aware practically strong and making them confidence to do equally and in parallel with us. We have to provide them facilities that they can generate for self employment and beneficially strong.

Lastly, I have earnest request with you to join my holy program to just view equal chance, love and affection so they can stand equally with us.

Director, MSS

Mehdilal



Major Impact

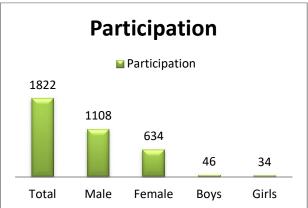
- Still 4800 people with disabilities were successfully received the medical certificate compare to 2021, by the efforts of CBR workers, medical department, govt. officers and political leaders successfully certified 1822 people with disabilities to access medical rehabilitation,
- Still 500 children with disabilities were access physiotherapy with the support of parents and CBR workers despite of this year 65 children with disabilities were access physiotherapy.
- Still 450 people with disabilities were access assistive devices compare to this year 106
 people with disabilities were access assistive devices like: crutches, wheelchair,
 tricycle, walkers, blind sticks, eyes spectacles with the help of department of social
 welfare, PRI institution, distribution of assistive devices camp and eyes screening
 camp.
- Still 750 people with disabilities were access livelihood opportunity like: mushroom production, general store, tailoring, vegetable production, goat breeding. Compare to this year 57 people with disabilities were access livelihood opportunities.
- Still 950 children with disabilities were access inclusive education despite of this year
 157 children with disabilities got inclusive school based academic support by the help of school teachers, parents and CBR workers.
- Still 210 DPOs actively represented the DPOs members at local level about expressed about the disabilities related issue such as: certification, pension, employment, reservation, inclusive education. Compare to this year 22 DPOs federation have been established.
- In 2021, CBR committees were played vital role to promote people with disabilities at local level those who were doesn't access their rights and entitlement. CBR committees raise their voice in front of gramsabha about disabilities participation, decision making process at local body's level. CBR committees assist 20 people with disabilities for access their medical certification, 10 people with disabilities got their pension and 30 people with disabilities were access toilet facilities by the help of CBR committees.
- By the efforts of Mss Team members changed the psychology of people with disabilities regarding vaccination. The reason was some people were dead after the vaccination due to unhealthy condition. Mss Team members were explained the benefits of vaccination and maintain protocols at community level. 939 people with disabilities were vaccinated.



Program achievement in the year of 2021

Medical rehabilitation

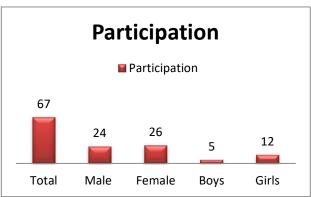




People with disabilities faced problems like: access to pension, school admission, registration in employment sector or any other govt. facilities like: opening saving passbook in bank for access financial services through bank. Without medical certification people with disabilities couldn't access assistive devices from department of social welfare or any other govt. agency also without certification they couldn't access medical services. Due to these causes MSS advocacy with govt. officers & volunteers like: CMHO, govt. officers, PRI members, DPOs leaders, CBR committee members, collector, SDM about provide medical certificate for people with disabilities by the support of district hospital. Therefore MSS organized medical camps for registration of people with disabilities at district level medical board camp. Every Saturday of month medical certification boards camp has organized in surajpur district hospital with this every Tuesday and Friday of every week medical certification boards camp been organized in Ambikapur hospital also. Through medical certification camp in both area people with disabilities check and get their physical treatment. People with disability above 40% of disabilities get their certificate through the support of health care provider, total 51 camp had been organized.

Eye camp







On 3rd of December 2021 on the occasion of world disability day on the Theme adopted by United Nation (UN) as "Leadership and participation of persons with disabilities toward an inclusive, accessible, and sustainable post-COVID-19 world" which highly emphasizes on the challenges that disable people confront during the global epidemic. The day is celebrated to recognition person with disability in the society. On the occasion MSS also initiated to organize for an eye camp for person with disability.2 Ophthalmologist Doctor named

Dr. Gautam and Dr. Ram Karan Sahu in association with District Hospital, Baikunthpur, Korea was requested for the eye camp. They worked at screening camp in their respective shift. The camp was organized for the person with disability, mainly for low vision, Visual Impaired and a total of 66person enrolled for the camp. Out of total inclusive Person, thereof 23 people were the person with disability and referred to district hospital for the further checkup. Total 1 eye camp had been organized.

COVID-19 second wave situation in surajpur district of Chhattisgarh



Nearly 31442 suspected corona virus patients have been tested of second wave of pandemic in surajpur district Chhattisgarh. So far out of the total 390 people have been active cases. Surajpur in risina COVID-19 view of cases, Chhattisgarh's Surajpur district health department has been upgraded for the incoming second wave of pandemic. While district Collector, said, " In view of rising COVID-19 cases, Surajpur district health department has made functional about 600 oxygen beds, 60 ventilator beds.

There are also 20,000 medical kits for adults and 5,000 for kids in stock. These are ready to be used when required. But due to the second wave of pandemic inclusive people suffered for was access oxygen concentrator. In that circumstance MSS played vital role with medical department, govt. officers, and political leader mr. Shiv kumara dahari the minister of (Urban administrative development) to provided 10 oxygen concentrator to medical department of surajpur district of Chhattisgarh. As per the second wave of pandemic MSS made an



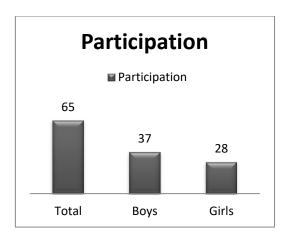
agreement with CMHO for understood the second wave of pandemic situation in surajpur, the agreement reflects that work which makes concrete relationship with medical department of surajpur district to work together for medical rehabilitation of people with disabilities. MSS had been taken for provide 10 initiative oxygen concentrator to department of medical surajpur district. The COVID-19 pandemic has been around for more than a year now. Individuals infected with the novel corona virus disease have shown a wide range of symptoms, from mild and moderate, to severe or critical. India is currently going through the second wave of COVID-19 and the virus is said to be more infectious than it was previously. It is important for you to be aware of the newest symptoms of COVID-19

to be able to identify them, take timely treatment and avoid complications. Shortness of breath or difficulty in breathing is one of the early symptoms of corona virus, predominantly seen in infected patients during the second wave of COVID-19. Although the intensity of breathlessness can vary among individuals, this symptom leaves most patients with a feeling of tightness of the chest, resulting in the constant gasping of air, every few seconds. The second wave of pandemic continues to spread across the surajpur, a trajectory that The difficult predict. to humanitarian and socio-economic policies adopted by state will determine the speed and strengthen fast recovery rate by the support of oxygen concentrator will help the recovery rate of people with disabilities.

Physiotherapy



Physiotherapy training addresses how to become a Physiotherapist for an example: Physiotherapists employ a variety of techniques, depending on the nature of the injury or problem they are treating. The most common physiotherapy techniques are: Manual manipulation: Moving joints and soft tissue helps to improve circulation, drain fluid from the body, and relax overly tight or muscles with spasms of people with



disabilities. Electrical nerve stimulation: Small electrical currents delivered to affected areas helps to suppress and block pain signals to the brain. Acupuncture: Needles stimulate the nervous system and work to dull pain, release muscles, boost the immune system and regulate various body functions. Demonstration: Teaching proper movement patterns allows people with disabilities and their parents to help them.



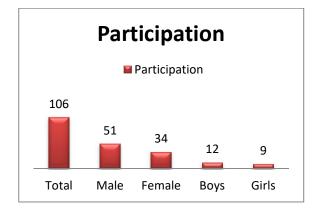
Functional testing: Testing a people with disabilities to assess his/her physical

Distribution of assistive devices



The situation of people with disabilities was very difficult to access daily activities like: bathing, wearing dress, walking. Because they don't have any assistive devices for access their (Activity Daily Living). But they were used wooden devices themselves. Unfortunately, that is unbalanced and not comfortable for people with devices. Due to their physical condition their family members were mentally very depressed. The used of wooden devices were very pain full for them. Thus, they were more struggles for that. Especially for children with disabilities and

abilities. Device provision Prescription, fabrication and application of assistive



Old age people with disabilities it's very difficult to access wooden devices in bathroom/toilet, school, public places, bus stand & local market. People with disabilities couldn't afford assistive devices because they don't have financial strength. The negligence of local bodies' leaders' people with disabilities couldn't get devices. Therefore they were mentally very depressed. So, MSS had organized mobilizing meeting with parents, teachers, villagers, local leaders, political leaders, govt. officers, PRI leaders, SHGs leaders for assessment of people with disabilities through the department of social welfare for provided assistive devices

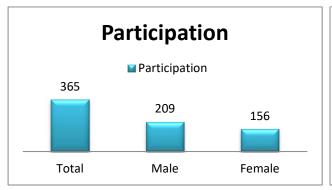
Livelihoods rehabilitation

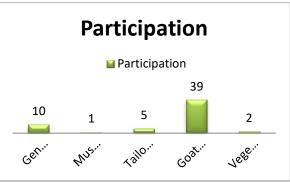
Skill development training/linkages with capital fund and govt. Schemes











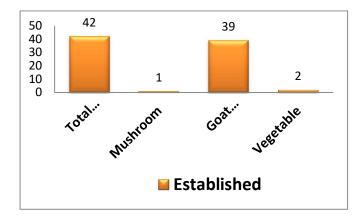
The objective of this training is enable people with/without disabilities to take up training in order to secure better livelihood. Through this training learned agro & non agro need based income generation training as per their livelihood condition of people with/without Disabilities. Skill development training of inclusive people identified those who are capable to access livelihood opportunity

through capital fund for different trades like: small scale industries for tailoring, mushroom production, tailoring, goat breeding, vegetable cultivation. After the skill training inclusive people are able to access capital fund through MSS for microenterprises and producer group. 57 people with disabilities were access microenterprises.

Establishment of Demonstration unit



Demonstration unit defined as visualized explanation of facts, concepts and procedure. It is a method of teaching by exhibition and explanation combined to illustrate a procedure or experiments. Accessible demonstration units important to establish within community. The main concept is to promoted "Learning by doing" and sharing practical experience with community. others in Accessibility will be ensured for person with



Disabilities to ensure full participation and learn through demonstration unit. Demonstration unit will be construed in the houses/ farms of people with disabilities in the project area where other people with disabilities can accessible to the unit. The purpose of demonstration unit is that people with disabilities will learn by seeing, to acquire knowledge and skill, to retain and able to use the achieved skill and to demonstrate experiment and procedure.

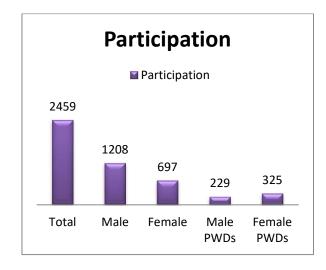


Social (Awareness program)



An awareness program with school committee, PRIs, Local leaders and government official on Inclusion and Disability issues such as social, political, economical, employment, reservation, health, education &accessibilities for reducing barriers social barriers, stigma, physical barriers, policy barriers, social barriers, prejudice and discrimination amongst people with disabilities were conducted. The subject

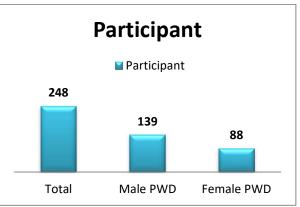




Of Inclusion for the committee being on the important task as it help/ mobilize community member despite of their social disparity, mostly with the person with disability. Inclusion brings the community toward prosperity and development. The element of Disability Inclusion brings: Awareness, Participation, Accessibility and Empowerment. The Awareness Programs shall increase the participation of People with Disability at the Block Level. The fact of brining the people at the Decision making process shall surely help in upbringing the way of their rights and entitlement issues. 150 meetings had been organized.

Street play







Street Theatre is a form of theatrical performance and presentation in outdoor public spaces, without a specific paying audience. As a form of communication, it is used as a medium to propagate social and political messages and to create awareness amongst the common masses regarding disabilities issue like: pension, certification **Distribution of IEC materials**

1530 IEC materials like: calendar, dairy, posters, have been distributed to relevant stakeholders like: PRI members, AWDs workers, ANMs workers, govt. teachers and

and linkages with govt. schemes prevailing in society. Grassroots, amateur street the at reproductions have become popular in community organizing, education campaigns, and public health initiatives. 21 street plays had been organized at the projected villages of Khandgava, Korea

govt. officers, DPOs leaders and community leaders about RPWDs different order and notification



CBR committee



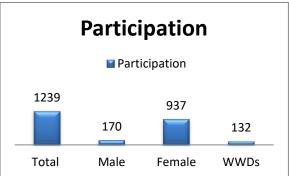
CBR committee is one of the platform where people with disabilities could share their different issue like: certification, pension, enrollment in school, reservation, linkages with govt. schemes, accessibilities. CBR committee have been formed with the collaboration of local bodies members, govt. stakeholders, village representative, women leaders, DPOs representative, parents, teachers. It consist of 2 members of local bodies members, 2 teachers, 2 DPOs leaders, 2 SHG members, 2 parents, 2, village representative. It consist of 2 members of local bodies members, 2 teachers, 2 DPOs leaders, 2 SHG members, 2 teachers, 2 DPOs leaders, 2 SHG members, 2 parents, 2, villagers.

8 meeting had been organized with 123 members were participated



Empowerment



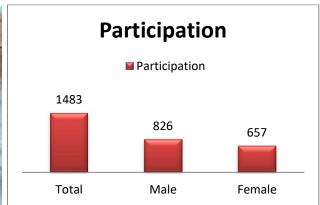


SHGs meeting where People participate including People with disability about strengthening and forming women group included women with disabilities about their livelihood, IGP, regular saving, monthly meeting and maintaining registers. Also gave information about various govt. schemes, women group leadership and

oriented them about how to fight against their rights, liberty, dignity, gender discrimination and reservation for their entire women group in society. Aware them about group strengthening and group dynamic to help them for team work by group formation, total 80 meeting had been organized.

Empower DPO federation at panchayat level





Disabled people's organizations have arisen in response to societal barriers that have prevented the equal participation of people with disabilities, and as a reaction against the control of people with disabilities by others. For a long time, people with disabilities have been spoken for by health professionals, family and others without regard for their needs, priorities or choices. People with disabilities are their own best spokespersons and representatives, as they know best their needs and aspirations. While disabled people's organizations and CBR

programmes have differences in their origins and strategies they do share similar goals, e.g. ensuring equal opportunities and social inclusion of disabled people. It is important that both disabled people's organizations and CBR have mutual respect for each other and work towards developing successful partnerships to meet these common goals and ensure the implementation of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. Organized panchayat level DPOs federation meeting about strengthening and improved their



leadership quality as well as regular monthly meeting with specific issue on people with disabilities like: certification, pension, reservation, livelihood and according to RPWDs act and policy 2016. **140 DPOs meeting had been organized.**

Empower block/district level DPOs federation





Disabled people in the developing world often face more acute barriers than those in developed nations. Up to 80% of disabled persons live in isolated rural areas in the developing world. In some countries 20% of the populations are disabled. Thus, it can be estimated that, when disabled people's relatives are included, 50% population is affected by disability. In addition, disabled people are the poorest of the poor. They often do not have access to adequate medical services. As a result disabilities are often not detected in time to minimize disability affects. By the time they receive medical attention, if at all, impairment may have become irreversible,

Organized **District level** and **block level** DPO meeting about Rights of Persons with Disabilities Rules, 2017, Rights of persons with disabilities Act 2016 and policy, medical certification camp, govt. scheme and reservation, education facilities for with disability, Children certification, pension, ration card, formation CBR committee, group formation, people with disability participation in local body, skill training, livelihood and process of formation Block and district level DPOs federation. 4 blocks and 1 District level DPOs meeting had been organized with 195 People with disabilities participation



State level DPOs meeting

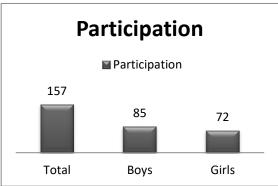


The role of these organizations includes providing a voice of their own, identifying needs, expressing views on priorities, evaluating services and advocating change and public awareness. As a vehicle of self development, these organizations provide the opportunity to develop skills in the negotiation process, organizational abilities, mutual support, information sharing and often vocational skills and opportunities. In view of their vital importance in the process of participation, it is

imperative that their development encouraged. Organize 1 state level DPOs meeting with participation of 38 including People with disabilities and DPO Leaders political, about social, economical development of Person with Disabilities, RPWDs act and policy 2016, reservation, People with disabilities lokpal, mantralaya, inclusive education, certification, pension, responsibilities Roleof CVJF and Federation and formation

Inclusive education





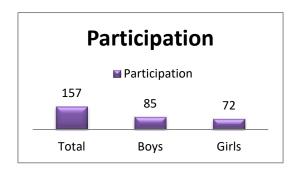
Education refers to the discipline that is concerned with the method of teaching and school school learning or environments as opposed to the various nonformal and formal means of socialization. Education is the tool which helps the people become the better citizen, to difference between the good and bad, to get the better job opportunity. It shows us the importance of hard work, at the same time, help us to grow and develop. Thus the education helps us shape the society to live in by knowing the respecting right, laws and regulation.

Person with disabilities often have lower education accomplishments, poor health conditions, higher poverty rate and less economic engagements than people without disabilities. They are disabled not only with their bodies but society as well. Children with the disability faces discrimination in terms of the unable to access the teaching learning materials and the communicate with their tutor and the fellow mate. This leads the low participation of the child with the disability



Home based education





The Field staffs of MSS visited the homes of the CWDs and ensured the continuation of the education of children at their homes. They also conducted the inclusive education sessions. As most of the schools are closed since 2020, the educations of the children are at stake. Children of poor families do not have the required

technological support to continue their studies and left alone the children with disabilities. The CBR workers of MSS here played a vital role in keeping the children's education in track. They not only provided home based education to CWDs but also inclusive sessions helped other children to stay engaged with their education

Forest conservation and its natural resources





Empower community people about forest conservation and its natural resources is the practice of planting and maintaining forested areas for the benefit and sustainability of future generations. The conservation of forest also stands & aims at a quick shift in the composition of trees species and age distribution. Forest conservation involves the upkeep of the natural resources within a forest that are beneficial to both humans and the environment. Forests are vital for human life because they provide a diverse range of resources: they store carbon & act as carbon sink, produce oxygen which is

vital for existence of life on the earth, so they are rightly called as earth lung, help in regulating hydrological cycle, planetary climate, purify water, provide wild life habitat(50% of the earth's biodiversity occurs in forests), reduce global warming, absorb toxic gases & noise, reduce pollution, conserve soil, mitigate natural hazards such as floods& landslides & so on. But now-a-days, forest cover is depleting rapidly due to many reasons such as an expansion of agriculture, timber plantation, other land uses like pulp and paper plantations, urbanization, construction of roads, industries, constitutes the



biggest and severe threat to the forest causing serious environmental damage. Thus, there is need of public awareness. This paper offers various strategies for the conservation of forest & awareness to people, which plays a vital role for maintaining a proper balance of environment. So, we must get involved in this national task, total 254 people were aware about forest conservation.

Empowerment on PESA

To empower on Panchayat (Extension of the Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 or PESA, was enacted by the Centre to ensure self-governance through gram sabhas (village assemblies) for people living in scheduled areas. It legally recognizes the right of tribal communities, residents of the scheduled areas, to govern themselves through their own systems of self-government, and also acknowledges their traditional rights over natural resources. In pursuance of this objective, PESA empowers gram sabhas to play a key role in approving development plans and controlling all social sectors. This includes the processes and personnel who implement policies, exercising

control over minor (non-timber) forest resources, minor water bodies and minor minerals, managing local markets, preventing land alienation and regulating intoxicants among other things. PESA rules enable the residents of scheduled areas to strengthen their village-level bodies by transferring power from the government to the gram sabha, a body of all the registered voters of the village. The powers of gram sabhas include maintenance of cultural identity and tradition, control over schemes affecting the tribal's, and control over natural resources within the area of a village. **Total 176** people were empowered on PESA act and its implementation procedure.

Water conservation

Empower community people about Water conservation and the process of restoration of water. Usually the wastage of water should be utilized for agricultural, animals wash, the careful use and preservation of water supply and it includes both the quantity and quality of water utilized. Water is an essential asset for the nourishment of all human beings and wild life. The fundamental demand for all activities appropriates local use to the agricultural industry. With the regular expanding weight of the human population, there has been serious tension on water

resources. Negligence of customary water bodies like tanks and lakes, unpredictable abuse of groundwater, and incorrect preservation of surface water systems have bothered the issue. There is various ways to conservation the wastage water like: build stop dam & drinking water facilities. 1 stop dam has been made by the support of community people, PRI leaders, local leaders, women at bhandardehi village of koriya district.

Plantation

Planting a tree is a lifelong investment. How well this investment grows depends on the type of tree selected and the planting location, the care provided during planting and the follow-up care after planting. Getting your new tree off to a healthy start will help the tree mature to its full size and ensures it will provide environmental, economic and

social benefits throughout its lifetime.
Organize Tree plantation program at
Bhandardehi, Jhapimahua, Kadrenwa villages.
Proper tree selection like: Mango, Guava,
Azadirachtaindica, Indian gooseberry and
Aegle marmelos because in create a good
environment with green, total 1500-2000
small and large species of plantation have



been planted with the support of school

children & community people.







Empowerment of FRA

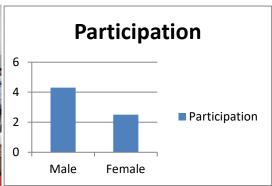
To empower community people about strengthening local self governing to address the livelihood security of the people, leading to poverty alleviation. Address the issue of conservation and management of the natural resources and conservation, forest right act to assure those people who

are living in the forest area to access the right of the natural resources. 123 Individual forest rights had been certified by the approval of gramsabha at kadrenwa, bhandardehi, bhukbhuki villages of Koriya district of surajpur.

Capacities building training of DPOs leaders

Capacities build training of master trainer for establishment of demonstration unit.





The concept of the master trainer training is to establishment of demonstration unit to reduce the economical barriers of people of disabilities at community level. The role of master trainers is to establish sustainable demonstration unit for economic development of people with disabilities at community level. Although master trainers are play an important role in management of demonstration units. Through this training master trainers were learned the process of business strategies along with networking and collaboration with local market to big market. Even with master

trainer learned the way of improvement of productive system of any trades. The participant with interest came up with three livelihood activity: Goat breeding, Mushroom production and vegetable available assets production, (Physical, Economic, Social, human and Natural assets) available to them. Also, explained how these assets play an important role in goat breeding. The session helps them to broadening their concept and the different process associated and the risk involve, yet the Goat farming not being new to them. At the end of this session, they could relate and



described their previous working and managing strategies adopted for the Goat Faming. Now they are able to correlate the issues and their mismanagement. The selection of a place for demonstration unit and the ideas for participant's management were also discussed. The participants from all group showed their interest and zeal to

understand the concept. There was the time to share their knowledge on such topic. The availability of the group member and the continues monitoring was the main theme among the all. Total 8 Master trainers training have been organized with 52 Master trainers

Disabilities inclusive development training





Disability-inclusive development means that all stages of development processes are inclusive of and accessible to persons with disabilities. It requires that all persons be afforded equal access to education, health care services, work and employment, and social protection, among others. Disabilityinclusive development policy and practice is changing constantly evolving. It is a foundational part of our work in CBM, underpinning all that we do. It requires us to be constantly reflecting, learning and improving our practice. In particular looking to the deeper questions: of the relationships representation of people with disabilities within our work; and how we partner with Disabled Peoples Organizations (DPOs) achieve transformative, systemic change in the countries where we work. However, now the real work begins to achieve these global development goals: and ensure that people with disabilities are fully engaged as active agents of change and rights holders in

line with the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD). Followings questions were developed and at the end necessary feedback was provided from the Resource Person. Elements of Disability Inclusion Development (DID); Awareness creation, Participation, Accessibility, Twin track approach; Empowerment Awareness Creation is the first step, which involves village level meetings, family visit, skits, wall writing and Pamphlets distribution. The main notion is to create awareness around the society on People with Disability. This also involves training their mindset around the existing tradition and the cultural barrier. Participation involves bringing society together as a group, providing a positive awareness and strengthening their group socially. Accessibility being one of the important aspects of DID, it's a practice in enabling their right to access and the use of assistive technology. The accessibility doesn't only limit to this rather on enabling the culture of barrier free environment for independence, convenience and safety. Twin trek approach, on one hand used for advancing rights for the marginalized population, i.e., the people with disability. One the other hand, targeting the



need through various intervention of the governmental scheme. Empowerment means providing a sense of Independence in the aspect of decision making, rights. Livelihood Basket Training Report; Then the need of the Rehabilitation and livelihood for the People with Disability was explained. He also tried to include the twin trek approach, which being the major asset to build a better life of the person with disability. He further added that the approach commonly used for advancing rights for the marginalized population, i.e., the people with disability. One the other hand, targeting the need through various intervention of the governmental scheme. Sustainable livelihood Framework Human assets, Physical assets, Economical assets, Natural assets, and Social

assets, DFID, Robert Chamber (1919). The livelihoods framework is a tool to improve our understanding of livelihoods, particularly the livelihoods of the poor. This presents the main factor that affects people's livelihoods, and typical relationship between these. It been used for development planning activities assessing the contribution to livelihood sustainability. Disability inclusive sustainable development They tried to raise many questions on behalf of the issues based out with Disability Inclusive Sustainable Development to have a brief open discussion: Why they are not included in any sustainable livelihood activity, the poverty is mostly linked with the Person with Disability, What are the different measures to eradicate. Total 36 staff members were participated

Livelihood training for people with disabilities and family members



All women and men with disabilities can and want to be productive members of society. In both developed and developing countries, promoting more inclusive societies and employment opportunities for people with disabilities requires improved access to basic education, vocational training relevant to labour market needs and jobs suited to their skills, interests and abilities, with adaptations as needed. Many societies are also recognizing the need to dismantle other barriers, making the physical environment more accessible, and providing information in a variety of formats, and challenging attitudes and mistaken assumptions about Persons with Disabilities (PwDs). It is in this context that the UNDP, New

Delhi and the Indian Planning Commission, carried out a review and research study in 2010, which documented the status and consolidated the existing experiences and innovations of various government and non-government initiatives that are taking forward programmes processes of creating livelihood opportunities for PwDs. The knowledge and practical understanding gained from this review exercise has given valuable insights into the possible ways and means of livelihood improvement for PwDs, which are being formulated into a set of recommendations to be shared with the relevant policy makers and agencies both at the national and state government level in their progress towards



social inclusion and poverty reduction. The report will also feed into the FYP on measures for inclusion and livelihood improvement of Persons with Disabilities. **Total 27 people with disabilities** and family members were
participated.

<u>Capacities build training of community stakeholders on causes and early</u> detection of disabilities



The training of community stakeholders on the cause of early detection is being one of the primary steps towards prevention the person of Disabilities. It is said that with the early identification of disabilities, there are better rehabilitation option. So, it is important requirement that the community, the existing local leaders or the government stakeholder should well aware of their detection and to administer them in their urgent need. However the concern towards the development and the inclusion of People with disabilities shall advance, only if the community and the People with disabilities participate for the same goal. On 22nd of December, Training conducted with The community stakeholder such as, Health

workers (Aanganwadi employee, ASHA employee and the PRIs), as the DPOs leaders, community member and MSS staffs. The training was led by Miss. KeshKuwar (MSS), Manoj Kumar (MSS) and Laxman Beg (MSS), at Bachara Panchayat Bhawan Ground, Bachara. Through the training the community belief, inclusion, Government intervention towards Disability was shared. The need of understanding the and early detection for cause stakeholder was also delivered. Total of 37 Participants attended which includes 9 Aanganwadi employee, 4 school Teachers, 7 ASHA workers, DPOs leaders, community and MSS staffs were present

<u>Training for DPOs Member on the concept of Disability Inclusive Development</u>
(DID), national Laws and Government Programs





The implementation of RPWD act and policy 2016 procedure at grassroots level. In that training DPOs member were told about the process of specific issue on people with disabilities like: certification, pension, unique ID, assistive accessibility, device, inclusive education. reservation in local bodies. employment opportunity etc. Disabled people's organizations have arisen in response to societal barriers that have prevented the equal participation of people with disabilities, and as a reaction against the control of people with disabilities by others. Community as well as Government institution are mostly unaware with the concept of DID. There inaccessibility is highly related to the education and their choices. There rights and issues of entitlement are mostly untouched. So, the concept should be bringing into notice. Our impact/choices are mostly limited to certain extent. The grassroots practice and implementation mainly should

starts from the person with disability. People disabilities are their spokespersons and representatives, as they know best their needs and aspirations. Promote and strengthen DPOs federation for those poor people with disability who are really need financial support, according to their financial status of families. Person with disabilities should also include in mobilize other member too. As this is the only way to which in general shall awareness the community and the government institution, the need should within the people with disabilities have united in organizations as advocates for their own rights to influence decision-makers in governments and all sectors of society. People with disabilities have united in organizations as advocates for their own rights to influence decision-makers in governments and all sectors of society. These organizations are known as disabled people's organizations.

Total 48 DPOs members were participated





The implementation of RPWD act and policy 2016 procedure at grassroots level. In that training DPOs member were told about the process of specific issue on people with

disabilities like: certification, pension, bus pass, unique ID, assistive device, accessibility, inclusive education, reservation in local bodies, employment opportunity etc. Disabled people's



organizations have arisen in response to societal barriers that have prevented the equal participation of people with disabilities, and as a reaction against the control of people with disabilities by others. For a long time, people with disabilities have been spoken for by health professionals, family and others without regard for their needs, priorities or choices. People with disabilities are their own best spokespersons

and representatives, as they know best their needs and aspirations. Formation D.P.Os federation at panchayat level. Promote and strengthen D.P.Os federation for those poor people with disability who are really need financial support, according to their financial status of families. Total 50 DPOs leaders were participated

Training on Parents and Person with Disability are trained on basic Therapy



Through the training, families, relatives, person with Disability and the staff as well, could understand and learn the importance of Therapy. How the need and it daily practice can bring the change in the life of the person with disability? As by adopting the culture of Therapy at home, with the help of Family end up in creating a life of self-independence. Mind-set of people around Therapy. Importance of self-confidence within the Person with disability and their Parents. Use of therapy. Type and practices associated with the therapy. The need of Parent of the Person with Disability in the training. Process of acquiring Therapy, with the help of family members. Observable positive

change. On Child safe Person with Disability and the staffs could understand the need and the importance of every child, who are exploited in any form physically and mentally in the community, mainly neglected and unaware of the parents. The sense of culture of openness should maintain within the work place. Introduction and Definition of Child safe guarding. Type and Practice associated with the Child Safe Guarding. The need training to the staff, Person with Disability and their Parents as well. The challenges. The concern around its protection. The change in the nature and behavior of the person, total 42 DPOs leaders and parents were participated.



Staff capacities build training





Staff capacities build training has been organized with project staff members included CBR workers, DPOs leaders, Volunteers, block coordinator and Program manager regarding CBR program, CBR matrix, Program monitoring, evaluation, Outcomes of program activities and achievement, need assessment, Gender equity, Physiotherapy and child safe guarding trainings. It is a process which allows community members including persons with disabilities to express their needs and to decide their own future with a view to their empowerment, ownership and sustainability. It recognizes the importance of the needs of persons with disabilities from the community perspectives An external facilitator's role is to build, rebuild or strengthen the community's capacities to solve their own problems Community Development: -Build capacity of each community Inclusive Development: -Remove barriers that exclude persons with disabilities and their participation in process Community-based Inclusive Development: Facilitate development initiatives by persons with disabilities and other community members. 2 staff capacities build training has been organized on Program management and gender equality training, 45 staff members was participated

Staff capacities build training on child safe guarding



Child safeguarding training for staff members is very essential because child abuse can occur within the families relatives, neighborhood, schools, and communities centre. By this training staff members and parents were trained about how to protect children with/without disabilities from exploitation, it may occur physically and mentally through



neglect of parents. We committed to creating a culture of openness and mutual accountability at the work place Marry a person below the age of 18, regardless of consent and local custom. Assist a child in tasks that he or she can do unaided or unless requested (such as taking them to the toilet, bathing or changing clothes). Hit or otherwise physically assault or physically abuse children. All disciplinary measures are non-violent and do not humiliate. Act in ways intended to shame, humiliate, belittle or degrade children, or otherwise perpetrate any form of emotional abuse. Discriminate against or favor particular children to the exclusion of others. Develop relationships with children that could in any way be deemed exploitative or

abusive. Spend excessive time alone with a child, away from others, behind closed doors or in a secluded area (see 'Two Adult Rule' above). Take a child to their home or visit a child at their home where they may be alone with that child, or sleep in the same room. Sleep in the same bed as a child or allow a child to stay overnight at their home unsupervised. Condone, or participate in behavior with children which are illegal, unsafe or abusive, including being part of harmful traditional practices, spiritual or ritualistic abuse. Exploit children for their labor (e.g. domestic servants) or for sexual purposes (e.g. prostitution) 24 or trafficking of children; total 1 training had been organized with 26 staff members were participated.

Celebration day Constitution day



Constitution Day also known as 'Samvidhan Divas', is celebrated in our country on 26th November every year to commemorate the adoption of the Constitution of India. On 26th November 1949, the Constituent Assembly of India adopted the Constitution of India, which came into effect from 26th January 1950. The Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment on 19th November 2015 notified the decision of Government of India to celebrate the **26th day** of November every year as 'Constitution Day' to promote Constitution values among citizens. On 26th/11/2021 organized constitution day at Kataroli. The resources persons of that day were board members of the organization and political leaders. The 'Constitution Day' will be a part of these year-long nationwide celebrations. This



will be a tribute to Dr. Ambedkar, who played a seminal role in the framing of the Indian Constitution as the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of Constituent Assembly," a press release issued by the Press Information Bureau said in 2015. In May 2015, the Union Cabinet announced that November 26 will be observed as Constitution Day to promote "constitutional values amongst citizens". This was the year that marked the 125th birth anniversary of BR Ambedkar, the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constitution. Other members included Jawaharlal Nehru, Vallabhbhai Patel and Shayama Prasad Mukherjee, among others. The central government's decision was seen as a move to claim Ambedkar's legacy, in a bid to reach out to the Dalit community. Following the



Cabinet meeting in 2015, then Minister of Social Justice and Empowerment Thawar Chand Gehlot said, "Rahul Gandhi and his party never honoured Ambedkar. Neither did he get the

Bharat Ratna nor was his oil painting installed in Parliament premises as long Congress was in power."Total 58 inclusive people were participated

International world disability day





The day aims to promote an awareness of disability issues and fundamental rights of persons with disabilities. It is important to integrate disabled persons in the main stream of society. The day was greatly emphasized to celebrate it yearly in order to promote the awareness about the people with disabilities as well as to encourage them by implementing a lot of assistance in their real life to enhance their way of life and remove the social stigma towards them.

On 3rd December 2021 MargdarshakSevaSansthan again celebrated international world disability day at bachra podi in koreya district. The vital purpose of this day celebration is to improve the understandings of the people with disability different issues as well as get together to support them to improve the quality life of people with disabilities. **Total 364 people** with disabilities were participated

Celebration of international women's day





Women are increasingly being recognized as more vulnerable to climate change impacts than men, as they constitute the majority of the world's poor and are more dependent on the natural resources which climate change threatens the most. At the same time, women and girls are effective and powerful leaders and change-makers for climate adaptation and mitigation. They are involved in sustainability initiatives around the world, and their



participation and leadership results in more effective climate action. Continuing to examine the opportunities, as well as the constraints, to empower women and girls to have a voice and be equal players in decision-making related to climate change and sustainability is essential for sustainable development and greater gender

Celebration of children day





equality. Without gender equality today, a sustainable future, and an equal future, remains beyond our reach. This International Women's Day, let's claim "Gender equality today for a sustainable tomorrow. 658 inclusive women were participated

On that occasion of Children's day the executive director of MSS Mr. Mehdilal taught about right to education of inclusive children, right to freedom, right to good nutrition because every Child with disabilities have right to education freedom, living and security for that causes children parliament take Initiative for CWDs social, political, economical and cultural development. 65 inclusive children were participated in that event.



COVID-19 2.0 Response



The COVID-19 pandemic has been around for more than a year now. Individuals infected with the novel corona virus disease have shown a wide range of symptoms, from mild and moderate, to severe or critical. India is currently going through the second wave of COVID-19 and the virus is



said to be more infectious than it was previously. It is important for you to be aware of the newest symptoms of COVID-19 to be able to identify them, take timely treatment and avoid complications. Shortness of breath or difficulty in breathing is one of the early symptoms of corona



virus, predominantly seen in infected patients during the second wave of COVID-19. Although the intensity of breathlessness can vary among individuals, this symptom leaves most patients with a feeling of tightness of the chest, resulting in the

constant gasping of air, every few seconds. Total 1755 people with disabilities were access dry ration kits, 2400 face mask have been distributed, 26 staff members were access hygiene kits and 32 people with disabilities were access direct capital fund for economic rehabilitation services





ACHI AADAT CAMPAIGN





The program mainly to aware community around social distance, the side effects of negligence of the easy methods of regular cleaning and washing hands, effective and proper use of masks and the process of disposal, use of sanitizer, regular exercise, fake remorse spread in the society on vaccination, appealing people to get vaccination. Along with the program, Truth and non-violence thoughts of Our National

father Mahatma Gandhi Ji, ensures his role in bringing social change in the world wide. On this occasion, former Sarpanch of Gram Panchayat Rampur, Ratan Singh, Current Deputy Sarpanch Dhansai, Ward Panch Jai Singh, Anganwadi workers, Mitanin, members of farmer producer Rampur, including villagers and the Person with Disability were present too. Total 4490 people were aware about good habits





Case study of Boby Yadav

Family details

 The case belong to a young 22 years female, Physically Impaired, hails from Ahir tribe of Chhattisgarh.Her name is Boby Yadav, D/o Babulalresiding at Katkona Village of Lahpatra Lakhanpur, Surguja District of Chhattisgarh.Her reason being impaired is Polio, with twisted leg making her difficulty is walking.

Family Situation:

There are in total4 Member in the family. Her father was working in the Mines on a contract basis
and sustaining the family alone. They also have other source of income as Agriculture but the
production was quite less to fulfill the need and demand of the family. So, the financial crunches
were mostly there in the family. Despite being Disability, she was mostly engaged to home based
work.

Social status

 Because she is physical impaired and doesn't participate any social function or meetings as few people were offended and was ignored her presence.

Project intervention

She is engaged with MSS for the last 3 years and also the Secretary of ODP. Hence, she receives
most of information about the schemes, Government Program from the CBR worker or either by
herself. For the reasons her community engagement as well as participation with the community
has been increased and doesn't get shy.

Change in social and economic status

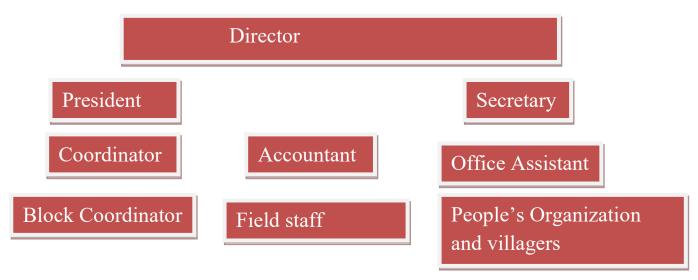
 On her interest for Tailoring, MSS supported on skillful training and financial need was also provided; now she earns approximately 15000-18000 rupees annually.

Contribution to the society



Now she is an example to many, as from where she was shy due to her disability, but now she led
 OPD from front, reducing the barrier between and creating an inclusive society.

Organizational structure



BOARD OF GOVERNERS

TRUSTEES

The Trustees of the MSS constitute the governing board of MargdarshakSevaSansthan (MSS). The Trustees are responsible for the overall vision and mission of MSS and provide guidance, act as a sounding board and the final authority for the redressed of grievances, and intervene if there is a crisis. Similarly individual Trustees involve themselves with the work of MSS which is of direct interest to them and also provide advice and guidance to the team member, work, workplace and administration when called upon to do so.

Mehdilal (President)

Mehdilal, who is the President of MargdarshakSevaSansthan (MSS) has done pioneering work in fighting for the peoples right in Sarguja district. He hails from one of the target villages and being a local person he is well aware of the problems, issues and needs of the community. The organization is involved in right based activities since 1998. By the efforts of MSS corers of trees were protected from illegally cutting by the Forest department for establishment of big industries. The main thrust of the organization is on mass awareness creation, strengthening of the local bodies/people institutions to initiate community centered development programs with emphasis on people with disable, women Children, indigenous and other marginalized sections in the society.

Gulzar singh (Vice – President)

He is higher secondary in art & leader of tribal. His experiences have Community mobilizations, Documentation, PRI, Gram sabha motivation and strengthen, Micro planning at village level. He is



working last fifteen years rural area of community based rehabilitation for people with disable, conservation and promotion of wild foods and forest and batter education for early tribal children.

Naval sai (secretary)

He is higher secondary in art & leader of tribal. His experience has Community mobilizations, Documentation, PRI, Gram sabha motivation and strengthen, Micro planning at village level. She is working last ten years rural area of batter education for early tribal children & advocacy for batter implementation of policies, act for tribal people and conservation of natural resources.

Sona (under Secretary)

She is Graduate in art. Involved for more than one decade in early School Education and Training of Village education Workers, grass root activists especially on mobilization of women.

Kesh Kumari (Treasurer)

Under Graduate in art. Involved for more than nine years in early childhood care and Education, Training of leadership for Villagers and disable people organization, Community based rehabilitation for people with disable on health, education, income generation activities, women leadership promotion and forest conservation.

Savitri sahu (Trustee)

Under Graduate in art. Involved for more than five years in community based rehabilitation for people with disable and especially on mobilization of women.

Gulab ram (Trustee)

Graduate in art. Participatory researcher and activist in batter implementation of PESA & FRA. His experience has Community mobilizations, Documentation, strengthening of PRI, Gramsabha motivation and strengthen, Micro planning at village level. he is working last five years rural area of community-based rehabilitation for people with disable, conservation and promotion of wild foods plant and forest, women improvement and batter education for early tribal children.



SUPPORTING PARTNERS



<u>CBM India</u> is a leading organization in disability inclusive development.CBM has been working with our partners in India for a decade, working to prevent avoidable blindness, improves health and help people with disabilities. CBM India is committed to improving the quality of life for persons with disabilities and works for their inclusion and empowerment. We will

continue to work with CBM India as project partners inclusive for development of community people and that will make us a good rapport establishment with partner organizations. CBM India working as which makes project partner, & financially programmatic accountable for the organization development.



BMZ is the most important task of German development policy includes the global realization of human rights, the fight against hunger and poverty, the protection of climate and biodiversity, health and education,

gender equality, fair supply chains, the use of digitalization and technology transfer, and the strengthening of private investment to promote sustainable development worldwide



Financial report 2021

